

# III International Meeting on Interim PET in Lymphoma

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THE OUTCOME OF DIFFUSE LARGE B-CELL LYMHOMA (DLBCL) PATIENT TREATED WITH R-CHOP IS NOT PREDICTED BY INTERIM 18-FDG-POSITRON EMISSION TOMOGRAPHY/COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY (PET) EVALUATION

Pregno P., Chiappella A., Bellò M., Passera R., Botto B., Ferrero S., Franceschetti S., Giunta F., Ladetto M., Menga M., Nicolosi M., Puccini B., Rigacci L., Vaggelli L., Salvi F., Bisi G. and Vitolo U.

#### Patrizia Pregno

Hematology 2

San Giovanni Battista Hospital and University, Torino, Italy

## **AIM OF THE STUDY**

It was to determine in DLBCL patients the predictive value of Interim PET (I-PET) and Final PET (F-PET) on PFS

## **PATIENTS AND METHODS**

From April 2004 to December 2008 88 newly diagnosed DLBCL patients, treated with 6-8 R-CHOP regardless of I-PET, were included in this retrospective study.

PET were performed at diagnosis, after 2-4 courses and at the end of therapy with centrally reviewing according to visual dichotomous criteria (Deauville 2009 criteria).

# **CLINICAL FEATURES AND PET RESULTS**

#### 88 patients with median age 55 years (range 18-80)

Male/Female	47/5	3%		Treatment pla		n	С	linical res	ponse
Stage I-II/III-IV	33/67%								•
PS >1	279	%			Pati	atients		80%	20
LDH >upper limit	42%		R-CHOP14		57 (65%)		100		
BM involvement	25%		R-C	R-CHOP21 31 (		35%)	50	10%	
N extran sites >1	31% 15%		+	IF-RT 14 (*		16%)	13	rx 🗸 📕	/ - <b>N</b>
Bulky disease			G-CSI CHOP	G-CSF support was given in 6 CHOP21 and in 100% of R-CH		68% of R- IOP14		CR	
IPI Risk L-LI/IH-H	53-4	7%							
				PET	results				
Interim PET Timing		100%	72%	88%			I-PET and F-PET Results Correlation		
		80% 60%	Negative			Patie	nts	F-PET neg	F-PET pos
			28% Positive			I-PET n	eg 63	62 (98.4%)	1 (1.6%)
After 3-4 RCHOF	0% I-PET F-PET			I-PET p	os 25	15 (60.0%)	10 (40%)		

# **PFS ACCORDING TO PET RESULTS**

#### Median FU 26,2 months; 2-ys PFS by Interim-PET and Final PET



UNIVARIATE COX'S MODEL ANALYSIS FOR PFS						
I-PET (Pos vs Neg)	2.45	1.01-5.93	0.047			
F-PET (Pos vs Neg)	5.97	2.19-16.28	<0.001			

Others: LDH> normal, >1 extranodal sites, BM+, IH-H IPI risk were predictors of lower PFS rates

BIVARIATE COX'S MODEL ANALYSIS FOR PFS							
I-PET (Pos vs Neg)	1.27	0.40-4.03	0.691				
F-PET (Pos vs Neg)	5.03	1.37-18.43	0.015				



## CONCLUSIONS

 $\checkmark$  Our results indicate that in DLBCL patients treated with R-CHOP Interim positive PET by visual analysis is not predictive of a worse outcome.

✓ Conversely, Interim negative PET is associated with a good prognosis.

✓ PET results at the end of the treatment strongly correlated with PFS.

✓ However, larger prospective studies and harmonization of Interim PET reading criteria are needed in DLBCL.

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## Hematology 2 Torino

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